Survival Data Analysis (BIOS 7210) Breheny

Assignment 7 Due: Thursday, October 22

1. Suppose that the hazard function $\lambda(y)$ for a variable Y satisfies

$$\log \lambda(y) = \alpha + \beta y.$$

Show that $T = e^Y$ follows a Weibull distribution. State the parameters of that Weibull distribution $(\lambda \text{ and } \gamma)$ in terms of α and β .

- 2. Suppose that we fit the Weibull regression model stated at the bottom of slide 18 on the 10-13 notes to obtain estimates $\hat{\alpha}$, $\hat{\beta}^*$, and $\hat{\sigma}$. Based on these estimates, we are interested in predicting the survival distribution of the time-to-event T for an individual with covariates \mathbf{x}_i . State what distribution T follows, along with the parameters of that distribution, in terms of $\hat{\alpha}$, $\hat{\beta}^*$, and $\hat{\sigma}$.
- 3. As we saw in last week's homework, the score test for the hypothesis $H_0: \beta_i = 0$ is based on

$$u_j \sqrt{(\mathbf{I}^{-1})_{jj}} \sim \mathcal{N}(0,1),$$

where the score **u** and information **I** are both evaluated at $\beta_j = 0$ and where β_{-j} maximizes $\ell(\beta_{-j}|\beta_j = 0)$.

(a) Suppose that the information matrix **I** is partitioned according to

$$\mathbf{I} = \begin{bmatrix} I_{11} & \mathbf{I}_{12} \\ \mathbf{I}_{21} & \mathbf{I}_{22} \end{bmatrix},$$

where **I** is a $p + 1 \times p + 1$ matrix, I_{11} is a scalar, and I_{22} is a $p \times p$ matrix. Then

$$(\mathbf{I}^{-1})_{11} = (I_{11} - \mathbf{I}_{12}\mathbf{I}_{22}^{-1}\mathbf{I}_{21})^{-1}$$

Suppose we fit a model with \mathbf{X} as a design matrix, thereby obtaining $\widehat{\boldsymbol{\beta}}$, \mathbf{W} , and $\mathbb{V}(\widehat{\boldsymbol{\beta}}) = (\mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{W} \mathbf{X})^{-1}$. We are considering adding a new variable, β^* . In terms of \mathbf{X} , \mathbf{W} , and $\mathbb{V}(\widehat{\boldsymbol{\beta}})$ from the original fit, give expressions for $(\mathbf{I}^{-1})^*$ and the score statistic for testing $H_0: \beta^* = 0$. These expressions should not contain any matrix inverses.

(b) Fit an exponential regression model to the pbc data, with stage and bili as explanatory variables. Carry out score tests for the significance of trt, hepato, and ascites. Note that carrying out these tests can be performed without actually fitting a model with any of the terms present.