Likelihood Theory and Extensions (BIOS:7110) Breheny

## Assignment 4 Due: Monday, September 28

- 1. Convergence in quadratic mean and probability. This problem involves proving the theorems from the slide titled "Convergence in mean vs convergence in probability" from the "Modes of convergence" lecture. Hint: You may wish to review Markov's inequality.
  - (a) Prove that if  $\mathbf{x}_n \xrightarrow{r} \mathbf{x}$  for some r > 0, then  $\mathbf{x}_n \xrightarrow{P} \mathbf{x}$ .
  - (b) Prove that if  $\mathbf{a} \in \mathbb{R}^d$ , then  $\mathbf{x}_n \xrightarrow{\mathrm{qm}} \mathbf{a}$  if and only if  $\mathbb{E}\mathbf{x}_n \to \mathbf{a}$  and  $\mathbb{V}\mathbf{x}_n \to \mathbf{0}_{d \times d}$ .
- 2. Bounded in probability vs convergence in distribution. Prove that if a sequence of random vectors  $\mathbf{x}_n \in \mathbb{R}^d$  converges in distribution, then  $\mathbf{x}_n$  is bounded in probability.
- 3. The Cramér-Wold device. Let  $\mathbf{x}_n \in \mathbb{R}^d$  be a sequence of random vectors. Prove that if  $\mathbf{a}^\top \mathbf{x}_n \stackrel{d}{\longrightarrow} \mathbf{a}^\top \mathbf{x}$  for all vectors  $\mathbf{a} \in \mathbb{R}^d$ , then  $\mathbf{x}_n \stackrel{d}{\longrightarrow} \mathbf{x}$ . Hint: Continuity theorem.